Deh Cho Business Development Centre



ANNUAL REPORT 2019-2020

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTION	1
TIME LINE OF SIGNIFICANT EVENTS	2
BOARD OF DIRECTORS 2019/2020	3
INVESTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE	3
STAFF	3
SERVICES AND 2019/2020 UTILIZATION	4
GENERAL BUSINESS ASSISTANCE	
SMALL BUSINESS RESOURCE CENTRESMALL BUSINESS LOANS	
Lending Activity	6
Funds Levered	
Loans Disbursed - Breakdown by Community	8
Loan Fund Changes & CompositionSmall Business Loans – Goal Summary & Conclusion	
·	
ORGANIZATIONAL OBJECTIVES AND BUDGETS	12
BOARD & STAFF OBJECTIVES	
MARKETING & PROMOTIONAL PLANS	
BUSINESS RESOURCE CENTRE	
VIDEO CONFERENCING	13
BUDGET – INVESTMENT FUNDSBUDGET – OPERATIONS	
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	13

INTRODUCTION

The Deh Cho Business Development Centre (DCBDC) is a non-profit Corporation governed by a Board of Directors chosen from the communities it serves. It is funded by the Territorial Government through the Department of Industry, Tourism & Investment, using funds from the Community Futures Program.

The Centre's mandate is to enhance the local economy and stimulate employment through business development in the Deh Cho Region. Services offered allow new and existing businesses to take advantage of opportunities and provide employment, products and services essential to Deh Cho communities.

The services are provided to clients in the six communities of the Deh Cho region: Nahanni Butte, Sambaa K'e, Fort Liard, Fort Simpson, Wrigley and Jean Marie River. Total population of the region is approximately 2,200. Services were provided to Fort Providence and Kakisa (population approximately 900) from September 2005 to March 2011.

This document summarizes the General Business and Lending activities of the DCBDC, presents the DCBDC's financial statements as of March 31, 2020, outlines DCBDC's effect on business and employment for the 2019/20 year and reviews the outcomes of organizational objectives for the fiscal year.

Time Line of Significant Events

June 1997 - Deh Cho Communities Presented with the Idea of Establishing a

Community Futures (CF) Office in the Region

September 1997 - Temporary Board of Directors Put in Place

April 1998 - Application for CF / Business Development Centre Approved

September 1998 - General Manager Hired

October 1998 - First Board Meeting

November 1998 - DCBDC Incorporated

November 1998 - First Official Board Ratified and Officers Elected

January 1999 - First Business Development / Loans Officer Hired

January 1999 - Operating and Loan Funds (\$550,000) Received

January 1999 - First Loan Approved and Advanced

January 2001 - Hired Executive Assistant

- Fort Simpson EDO Position Transferred to Deh Cho BDC

September 2001 - Hired Youth Development Officer

April 2002 - Held first NWT Youth Business Conference

November 2003 - Held First Public Annual General Meeting

December 2003 - At least one loan disbursed in every community

May 2004 - Held Deh Cho Oil & Gas Conference

July 2006 - First offered loans in excess of \$75,000.

September 2008 - Disbursed 200th loan, surpassing \$3,500,000 in financing.

June 2011 - \$5,000,000 in loan financing disbursed.

October 2011 - Secured \$900,000 in loan capital from NWT BDIC.

March 2013 - Secured a \$285,000 in loan capital from NWT Community

Futures Association. Since borrowed an additional \$55,000.

December 2018 - Surpassed \$9,000,000 in loan approvals

March 2020 - Surpassed \$10,500,000 million in disbursements.

Board of Directors 2019/2020

John Mckee Director / Chair Fort Liard

Rosemary Gill Director / Vice Chair Fort Simpson

Shadab Khan Director / Sec. / Treas. Fort Liard

Ruby Jumbo Director Sambaa K'e

Yvonne Norwegian Director Jean Marie River

Pauline Campbell Director Nahanni Butte

Gabe Hardisty Director Wrigley

Gus Croatto Director Fort Simpson

Investment Review Committee

The Investment Review Committee (IRC) is normally comprised of two Board members and three people from the communities who are knowledgeable in business affairs. Two seats were occupied as of March 31. The committee is responsible for the approval of all loans in excess of \$5,000.

Staff

Sean Whelly

Business Development Officer

Sean has been with the Deh Cho Business Development Centre (DCBDC) since January 2001. He worked as an Economic Development Officer with the Village of Fort Simpson for four years and with the Wrigley Band for ten months before working with the DCBDC. Sean has a Bachelor of Commerce, a Diploma in Marketing Management and an Masters in Business Administration (MBA).

Todd Noseworthy

General Manager

Todd has been the General Manager since the DCBDC started in September 1998. He managed two other Business Development Centres, for a total of 6 ½ years, before moving to the NWT. He has a Bachelor of Science (Math), an MBA and is a Chartered Professional Accountant (CPA, CMA). He recently completed the Membership Qualification Exam from the Chartered Business Valuator Institute after completing the required courses. He will be able to apply for the designation once his work experience hours are complete.

Services and 2019/2020 Utilization

The services offered by the Deh Cho Business Development Centre (DCBDC) to all businesses in the region are all meant to help clients take advantage of opportunities that arise in their community or region. They include: General Business Counseling, Technical Assistance, Business Planning, Assistance with Financing Applications, Small Business Resources and Small Business Loans

A brief description of the levels of services provided during the 2019/20 fiscal year, and a summary of the effects of those services, follows.

General Business Assistance

A brief description of the services that constitute General Business Assistance is provided to enhance the reader's understanding of the non-lending services offered to clients of the Deh Cho Business Development Centre.

Business Counseling – Experienced staff are prepared to discuss identified opportunities, outline the steps for start-up, detail the types of financing available, provide the information required to submit an application for financing and offer solutions to issues related to your business.

Technical Assistance typically produces a tangible outcome. Examples include: the development of company logos, bookkeeping setup & instruction and the completion of business forms (registrations, licenses, etc.).

Assistance with Business Planning. A completed business plan outlines how the business start-up / project will unfold for the owner(s) and potential financiers. Plans help lay the groundwork to make the most of an opportunity and are necessary to seek financing. When a client requests funding from the Deh Cho BDC, a condensed business plan, called a Business Summary, is prepared for internal use only.

Preparation of Funding Applications consists of assisting clients who have difficulty completing applications for funding from other funding agencies or departments.

Table 1 below summarizes the goals set for 2019/20 related to the quantity of each service requested, under General Business Assistance, and the actual numbers experienced.

Table 1 - Summary of General Business Services Expected and Provided

SERVICE	EXPECTED	OUTCOME
General Counseling	30	27
Technical Assistance	60	68
Business Plans (External)	3	5
`Business Summary (Internal) *	15	12
Preparation of Funding Applications	4	7

Results for three of the five goals for General Business Services were in excess of expectations. The remaining two were nearly met. General Counselling and Business Summary results were only three less than the objectives.

Table 2 and the accompanying information below demonstrate the measurable effect of the non-lending services upon businesses that did not receive loan funds at the same time. Some clients that receive General Business Services also receive loan assistance from DCBDC for the same project. When that is the case, the funding and job statistics are included with the loan statistics.

Table 2 - Measurable Effects of General Business Services

EFFECT	EXPECTED	OUTCOME
Businesses Started	1	0
Businesses Expanded	1	1
Businesses Maintained	1	1
Jobs Supported **		7

^{*} The effect of Business Summaries is included in the loan statistics

One business received various forms of assistance that helped it expand, and then later, to maintain operations through the pandemic. Other businesses were enhanced by the services provided but not to the extent that businesses were started / expanded / maintained as a direct result of the service.

Some businesses receiving General Business Services are approved for funds from other sources and are able to enhance services as a result. Others realize cost savings. During the 2019/20 fiscal year, six instances of assistance resulted in financial aid / savings totaling \$78,126. Two other applications, totaling \$40,109, did not have responses by year end.

Small Business Resource Centre

The Business Resource Centre (BRC) exists to provide clients with the tools needed to enhance their current businesses and to facilitate the development of new ideas. Using the resources from the BRC, clients can research ideas and explore opportunities independently or with help from DCBDC staff.

Small Business Loans

Small business loans of up to \$200,000, provided by the Deh Cho BDC, help start, expand and maintain small businesses, which in turn, create employment and stimulate the local economy.

Since September 1998, the BDC has received \$892,500 from RWED/ITI for the Loan Fund. It has borrowed \$460,000 from NWT BDIC and borrowed \$340,000 from the NWT CF Association. With those funds, the organization has disbursed over \$10.5 Million to approximately 142 different businesses.

^{**} Full-time and part-time jobs supported are summed as is and are not converted to Full Time Equivalents.

Goals related to the lending activities for the 2019/20 year were:

- To approve 13 of 15 loan applications that result in 3 business start-ups, 2 expansions and the maintenance of 7 businesses, with loan financing totaling \$364,000.
- To support approximately 26 jobs with the lending activity; an average of 2.16 jobs per loan approved.
- To keep bad debt to a maximum of \$25,000 from 4 accounts.
- To keep write-offs to a maximum of \$25,000, from 2 accounts.
- That client equity constitute 10% of total project costs.
- That 30% of loan applications approved be for applicants from outside of Fort Simpson.
- To leverage at least 10.0% from sources other than client equity.

The following sub-sections highlight how the loan funds available were used during 2019/20. A summary comparing actual results with the goals listed above concludes this section.

Lending Activity

Tables 3 and 4 outline loan activity since September 1998 and Table 5 shows the direct results as measured by businesses started, expanded and maintained.

Of the thirteen applications received in the fiscal year, eleven were approved, one was still in process at year end. One of the eleven was withdrawn; the project did not proceed hich resulted in the ultimate disbursement of 10.

Table 3 - # of Applications Requested / Approved / Disbursed

	9/21/98 to 3/31/16	Yr. End 3/31/17	Yr. End 3/31/18	Yr. End 3/31/19	Yr. End 3/31/20	Total to Date
Requested	386	17	15	10	13	440
Approved	357	15	12	10	11	405
Disbursed	345	14	11	9	10	379

Table 4 - \$ Value of Applications Requested / Approved / Disbursed

	Opening - 3/31/16	Ended 3/31/17	Ended 3/31/18	Ended 3/31/19	Ended 3/31/20	Total to Date
\$ Requested	\$9,600,814	\$513,028	\$418,796	\$306,911	\$373,179	\$ 11,212,728
\$ Approved	\$8,784,928	\$289,770	\$398,796	\$306,911	\$170,839	\$ 9,951,244
\$ Disbursed	\$9,064,732	\$716,865	\$308,773	\$344,940	\$152,839	\$ 10,588,149

The average amount approved per loan in 2019/20 as 15,531. In 2018/19, it was significantly higher at \$30,691. Previous years had averages of \$33,233 (2017/18) and \$19,318 (2016/17). The overall average to date is \$24,571.

Total disbursements are slightly higher than loan approvals even though a few approvals are never disbursed. Some loans operate as revolving lines of credit and receive multiple disbursements over their term. Other differences can be caused by timing of approvals versus disbursement.

The loans disbursed impacted 10 businesses resulting in the start-ups / expansions / businesses maintained shown below.

Table 5 - Measurable Effects of Small Business Loans

EFFECT	EXPECTED	OUTCOME
Businesses Started	2	3
Businesses Expanded	2	3
Businesses Maintained	11	4

Funds Levered

Loans approved in 2019/20 totaled \$170,839. Other funds expected to be contributed to the projects financed by the DCBDC are considered levered funds. The estimated levered funds for loans approved during the fiscal year was \$534,067, 76% of the expected total project requirements.

The five-year averages for the three sub-categories are: Client Equity 27.3%, ITI/BDIC 10.4% and Other 12.6%. The breakdown is shown below in Table 6. Funds contributed by other parties vary from project to project and year to year so averages are not truly representative of expectations but observing the trends over time may be helpful. Client equity seems to be more stable than the other categories.

Table 6 - Breakdown of Leveraged Funds

Loans Approved	Client Equity	Other Financing	ITI / BDIC
2019 / 20	\$145,664 (20%)	\$0, 0%	\$387,174, 54%
2018 / 19	\$ 296,973 (29%)	\$ 408,000 (40%)	\$ 7,438 (0.7%)
2017 / 18	\$102,710 (26%)	\$ 0 (0%)	\$0 (0%)
2016 / 17	\$38,969 (11.4%)	\$ 0 (0%)	\$13,228 (3.9%)
2015 / 16	\$ 322,498 (50.3%)	\$ 113,000 (12%)	\$ 40,000 (4.2%)

Jobs Assisted

The DCBDC has assisted with the creation and maintenance of many jobs since it first opened in 1998. Table 7 illustrates the effect of the loans on employment in the region since then.

Table 7 - Jobs Assisted

	Created Full-time	Part-time	Maintained Full-time	Part-time	Avg. # Jobs Per Disbursed Loan
14 / 15	40	154	238	282	2.18
15 / 16	1	2	14	19	2.1
16 / 17	1	14	5	9	2.1
17 / 18	1	0	3	16	1.8
18 / 19	2	0	8	8	2.0
19 / 20	4	3	3	5	1.5
Totals	49	173	271	349	2.22

^{*} All jobs are counted as one. Jobs have not been converted to full time equivalents.

The overall average number of jobs supported per disbursed loan is **2.22**; the average was 1.5 in 2019/20, 2.0 in 2018/19 vs 1.8 and 2.1 in the prior two years. These averages include part time & full time created and/or maintained as well as seasonal positions created & maintained.

The number of jobs supported is less than expected and less than the average per disbursement. The number of jobs expected for ten loan disbursements would be 22.4.

Loans Disbursed - Breakdown by Community

All six communities in the Deh Cho have accessed the loan fund; some more than others.

In 2019/20, loans were disbursed in four of the six communities in the region. Of the loans disbursed, 40% were outside of Fort Simpson; more than the 30% DCBDC aims to achieve.

Table 8 – # of Loans Disbursed by Community

	Ft. Simpson	Wrigley	JMR	Ft. Liard	Nahanni Butte	Sambaa K'e
1998 - 2014	215	38	6	38	7	5
2014 - 2015	14	2	0	0	0	2
2015 - 2016	13	2	1	0	0	1
2016 - 2017	7	3	1	1	2	0
2017 - 2018	6	3	1	0	1	0
2018 - 2019	7	1	0	0	1	0
2019 - 2020	6	1	2	0	1	0
						_
Totals	268	50	11	38	12	8
% of Total #	69.1%	12.9%	2.8%	9.8%	3.1%	2.1%

Note: 1 loan was disbursed to an applicant from Fort Providence when services were provided to that community

To date, 30.9% of loans disbursed have been to businesses outside of Fort Simpson. Wrigley and Fort Liard still have the largest number amongst those five communities, and recently, Wrigley has been seeking and receiving more loans than Fort Liard.

Loan Fund Changes & Composition

The Deh Cho BDC has three sources of loan funds available to finance small business loans. RWED / ITI contributed \$892,500 to the Core Investment Fund in DCBDC's early years. Since then, the NWT Business Development & Investment Corporation approved a loan for DCBDC for \$900,000 (\$460,000 was drawn down) and the NWT Community Futures Association approved two loans totaling \$340,000.

Each fund earns interest from loans and bank deposits and has expenses related to their operation and use. Details regarding the value and makeup of each fund are outlined below. Table 9a, 9b and 9c summarize the elements of change for each loan fund. Tables 10a, 10b and 10c detail the fund composition as of year-end.

Core Investment Fund

The DCBDC Core Fund has funded the largest percentage of the total outstanding loans. Table 9a below shows the results of the activity in the Core fund in 2019/20.

There were no write-offs against the Core Investment Fund in 2019/20. Instead \$13,897 was recovered. There was also a net recovery of bad debt in the amount of \$4,192. The changes to the Core fund bad debt allowance arise from four smaller recoveries. Changes to the allowance have been positive for a number of years now.

Table 9a - Elements of Change in Investment Fund Value as of March 31

	up to 2016	2018	2019	2020	Total
Loan Interest - Net	\$ 758,859	\$ 26,080	\$ 46,623	\$21,229	\$ 852,790
Other Interest - Net	65,739	3,405	13,675	16,844	99,652
Net Bad Debt	462,355	- 11,369	- 28,176	-18,089	404,721
RWED Contrib.	892,500	0	0		892,500

Note: Starting with 2014/15, net collection costs were expensed against the Investment Fund's earnings.

This Fund's value as of March 31, 2020 was \$1,440,072; \$56,162 more than the value one year ago, and \$547,572 more than the amount provided by RWED / ITI for the investment fund; its highest value to date. The increase in value over the contribution received represents an average annual gain of approximately 2.25%.

The recoveries, and the decline in the number of applications and dollars disbursed, results in more cash available for loans.

Table 10a - Core Investment Fund Composition as of March 31

Year Ended	31-03-16	31-03-17	31-03-18	31-03-19	31-03-20
Net Loan Value	\$ 993,850	\$ 794,167	\$ 643,282	\$ 650,732	\$ 595,312
Cash & Inv. *	178,487	460,439	652,179	733,178	844,760
Total Value	1,172,337	1,254,606	1,295,461	1,383,910	1,440,072

^{*} Net of payables and receivables

NWT BDIC Fund

Total debt due to NWTBDIC as of March 31 was \$339,557. The loan was paid down by \$23,335 throughout the fiscal year.

Table 9b and 10b highlight the elements of the changes for this fund and the composition as of March 31, 2020. Total interest earned exceeded interest paid to NWT BDIC, even though some borrowed funds sit idle.

Table 9b - Breakdown of Change in BDIC Fund Value as of March 31

	up to 2017	2018	2019	2020	Total
Loan Interest - Net	\$ 41,983	\$ 8,267	\$ 4,970	\$5,498	\$ 60,717
Other Interest - Net	1,139	1,798	5,181	6,627	\$ 14,745
Interest Expense	- 35,185	- 7,981	- 7,483	-7,784	-\$ 58,433
Other Expenses	- 6,025	0	0	0	-\$ 6,025
Net Bad Debt	0	0	0	0	\$0

As a result, the NWT BDIC Loan Fund value improved to \$11,001, an increase of \$4,339 over the previous year. There were no write-offs or allowances for bad debt for this fund in 2019/20.

Table 10b – NWT BDIC Portfolio Composition & Value

Year Ended	31-3-17	31-3-18	31-3-19	31-3-20
Net Loan Value	\$ 114,171	\$ 93,166	\$ 81,016	\$ 0
Cash & Inv. (Net)	297,258	297,329	288,537	350,558
Due to NWT BDIC	- 409,519	- 386,501	- 362,892	339,557
Total Value	1,909	3,994	6,662	11,001

NWTCFA Fund

The Development Center drew down the \$285,000 approved by NWT CF Association during the 2013/14 year and \$55,000 in 2017/18. Total debt due to NWTCFA as of March 31 is \$340,000. The loan has zero interest and requires no payments.

Table 9c and 10c highlight the elements of the earnings and interest for this fund and its composition as of year-end.

There was no increase to bad debt for this fund over the past fiscal and no loans have been written off against this loan fund. It should be noted that if loans are written off in this fund, the debt due to the NWTCFA will be reduced by the principal lost.

Table 9c - Breakdown of Change in NWTCFA Fund Value as of March 31

Year Ended	up to 2017	2018	2019	2020	Total
Loan Interest - Net	\$ 9,903	\$ - 563	\$ - 552	\$ 21	\$ 8,782
Other Interest - Net	334	1,382	4,128	4,913	10,969
Interest Expense	0	0	0	-	\$0
Other Expenses	0	0	0	-	\$0
Net Bad Debt	\$ 30,688	\$16,190	\$ 9,701	-	\$ 56,579

The NWT NCFF Loan Fund was valued at - \$36,830 as of March 31, 2020, a \$4,931 improvement over the previous year.

Table 10c - NWT NCFF Portfolio Composition & Value

Year Ended	31-3-17	31-3-18	31-3-19	31-3-20
Net Loan Value	\$ 82,566	\$ 62,591	\$ 52,119	\$ 59,586
Cash & Inv. (Net)	182,168	241,772	246,121	243,584
Due to NWTCFA	- 285,000	340,000	340,000	340,000
Total Value	\$ - 20,266	\$ - 35,637	\$ - 41,761	\$ - 36,830

Small Business Loans - Goal Summary & Conclusion

Table 11 - Summary of Small Business Loan's Goals and Results

	Goal	Result
\$ Approved, # Loans	\$364,000, 13	\$170,839, 11
# Jobs supported	26	15
# Businesses Started / Expanded / Maintained - Lending	3/2/7	3/3/4
# Businesses Started / Expanded / Maintained - Non Lending	2/0/1	0/1/1
\$ bad debt (net), # bad accts.	\$ 25,000, 4	- \$4,192, 4
\$ Written Off	\$ 25,000, 2	- \$13,897, 1
\$ / % client equity	\$45,500, 10%	\$145,664, 20%
\$ / % levered from ITI / BDIC	\$ 11,375, 2.5%	\$384,174, 54%
\$ / % levered from other sources	\$ 34,125, 7.5%	\$0, 0%
Loans approved outside of Fort Simpson	30%	40%

Loans approved and advanced to clients in communities other than Fort Simpson were above the expectation at 40%; 4 of 10 loans advanced. Fewer loans were approved than anticipated, the bad debt allowance showed a recovery overall with no new accounts added to the balance and write-offs showed a recovery as well. Funds levered from client equity and ITI/BDIC sources were well above expectations and funds from Other sources were less than expected.

The total loans outstanding at year end declined by 13% from \$1,053,503 to \$920,341. Cash available to lend increased to 1,453,553 from \$1,288,613.

The total value of all Investment Funds combined increased to \$1,414,243 from \$1,348,811, an increase of \$65,432 or 4.85% vs an increase of 6.7% in 2018/19. Total value is now \$521,743 more than the contributions received from GNWT.

Year	% Increase
2019/20	4.85%
2018/19	6.70%
2017/18	2.20%
2016/17	7.40%
2015/16	1.40%
2014/15	3.20%

Organizational Objectives and Budgets

The Operating Plan for 2019/20 included some objectives related to the organization itself. The sections below outline the outcomes / achievements.

Board & Staff Objectives

Board of Directors – No new nominations were sought this past year.

Investment Committee Seats – Two seats are occupied. One seat was vacated but an attempt to refill it was in process as of year-end.

Staff & Board Education – The General Manager did take and pass the Membership Qualification Exam for the Chartered Business Valuator designation. Four Board members and the GM also participated in Board training that took place January 2020. Three of the Pan West Community Futures program modules were included.

Board meetings – One face-to-face board meeting and one Annual General Meeting were held this year. Other decisions of the Board were made via email. Investment committee decisions were made as necessary via email as well.

Policy Manual Changes – The Severance Policy was removed from the Policy Manual. The policy is to be replaced with terms to be included in new employment agreements to be developed in 2020/21.

Marketing & Promotional Plans

Visits / Communication to / with Communities – No community visits occurred in 2019/20. Letters were sent to the communities on three occasions. One to provide new brochures that were mentioned in previous correspondence, one providing reminders and an update and a third to provide information as to how DCBDC would assist businesses during COVID 19 and to provide copies of DCBDC's newest mailer.

Various Media – The 2018/19 Annual Report and Financial Statements were added to the website as was a document outlining assistance in response to the pandemic.

A third mailer was prepared and distributed through Canada Post. The mailer focused on the "Top Ten Things to do Before Starting a Business".

The new brochure was distributed to the communities. It drew attention to the idea that DCBDC can help residents / businesses take advantage of opportunities.

Some drafts of a poster were created but they have not yet been completed.

Signs were purchased for the office. One with the name and another with contact information.

Diversification of Services

Existing services were not modified.

Business Resource Centre

The BRC was maintained at its reduced size.

Video Conferencing

Video conferencing is no longer offered.

Budget – Investment Funds

The plan included a projection for the overall Investment Fund which is primarily used to determine if additional funds will be necessary to meet demand for new loans.

We can see the overall impact of lending activities detailed above. The total net Investment funds outstanding as of year-end were \$654,898, less than forecasted at \$923,873.

Loan approvals, at \$170,839, were less than the estimated \$364,000. Actual disbursements were less at \$152,839. Repayments were higher than expected; \$333,489 versus \$265,770. Bad debt was estimated to be \$25,000. Instead there was a net recovery of \$4,192 and there was a write-off recovery of \$13,897. The overall result was lower net loans outstanding at year end and a higher cash balance.

With loan balances decreasing and cash increasing, no new funds were needed from outside sources.

Budget – Operations

The 2019/20 Operations budget forecasted a shortfall of \$9,454, expecting to use a little over half of the surplus carried on the balance sheet.

The Operations portion of the financial statements below, on page 3, show an actual net income of \$0. Details of the variances can be seen in that report as well. A surplus of \$17,731 remains.

Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Deh Cho BDC, including the auditor's opinion, are included below.

Financial Statements 2019 / 2020